

## What is a Preliminary Change of Ownership Form?

## What is a PCOR?

It is a document that is filed with the County Recorder's Office at the time of transfer of any real property. It asks for information on the property, type of transfer, purchase price and terms of sale etc. The PCOR normally satisfies the change of ownership requirements when filled out completely and accurately by the Buyer. The county assessor may also request other information about a deed or other matters related to the transfer after reviewing the PCOR. The PCOR is confidential and not recorded or available for public inspection.

## What is the purpose of the PCOR?

Each County Tax Assessor's office reviews all recorded deeds for that county to determine which properties require reappraisal and reassessment to the fair market value under the law. The PCOR is important to this process and it must be filed at the time of recording, otherwise an additional \$20 recording fee will be assessed.

## What happens if I don't fill out a PCOR?

If the PCOR is not filed at the time of recording, the county assessor will charge an additional \$20.00 in most counties. The tax assessor will still require the information and after recording will send a Change of Ownership Statement (COS) to the transferee (buyer). If the COS is not filed by the transferee within 45 days of the county assessor's request, then penalties can ultimately range from \$100 to \$20,000.

The PCOR can be confusing to fill out. Your escrow officer or signing agent may be able to assist you with any questions but ultimately it is your responsibility to complete the form in order to avoid the fines mentioned above. During your escrow process and every time a property is purchased or ownership is transferred for other reasons, a Preliminary Change of Ownership (PCOR) form must be filled out. You will receive a PCOR with your escrow documents and you will be required to fill it out completely. It is a two-page document and a sample is shown here on the left.

